

On July 15, the Corps, except for a small diversionary force, unloaded weapons and turned in their ammunition. Secrecy was so tight the troops did not know they were going to attempt to recapture Stony Point. For such a risky assault, surprise was vital; and the attack was to take place in total darkness. Fixed bayonets and hand-to-hand combat were the orders of the day. Wayne's column had no sooner sloshed into the waist-deep water before a British picket sent up an alarm. During the fierce fighting, Wayne and Febiger both suffered stunning head wounds.

The Continentals scrambled up the rocky slope with de Fleury in the lead. First over the wall, de Fleury was followed by a wave of American bayonets. Rushing to the flagpole, de Fleury cut the British colors from their staff.

In addition to the recapture of Stony Point, the defeat of the British fired the Americans' determination and lifted their morale. And it showed the enemy that the colonies had an able fighting force.

So it was that on October 1, 1779, de Fleury stood before the Continental Congress to be praised for his valor at Stony Point by the men who had penned the Declaration of Independence and who would later sign the Constitution. For his intrepid behavior, the Continental Congress ordered that a medal be struck in his honor.

The Engineer Regiment adopted the de Fleury Medal as an award because of the values demonstrated by the man for whom it was struck — values of special meaning to Engineer soldiers. It is understood that the de Fleury Medal was the first Congressional Medal struck, if not the first medal authorized.

On the obverse of the medal is the Latin inscription, translated as: "A MEMORIAL AND REWARD FOR COURAGE AND BOLDNESS." In the center appears the image of a helmeted soldier standing amidst the ruins of a fort, holding in his right hand an unsheathed sword, and in his left the staff of the enemy's flag, which he tramples underfoot.

On the reverse, again in Latin: "FORTIFICATIONS, MARSHES, ENEMIES OVERCOME." In the center, the fortress at Stony Point is depicted with both turrets and a flag flying. At the base of the hill are two shore batteries, one that is firing at one of six vessels on the Hudson River. Beneath the fort is the legend: "STONY POINT CARRIED BY STORM, JULY 15, 1779."

The Engineer Regiment makes four award levels of the de Fleury Medal. The STEEL Medal is awarded to junior soldiers and civilians within the Engineer Regiment. The BRONZE Medal may be presented to an individual who has rendered significant service or support to an element of the Engineer Regiment. The SILVER Medal may only be awarded to an individual who has rendered outstanding and significant support or service to the Engineer Regiment.

The United States Army Chief of Engineers awards the GOLD Medal each year to an individual (or individuals) whose contributions to the Army Engineer Regiment exemplify boldness, courage, and commitment to a strong national defense. Starting in 2011, two awards are made annually: one to an individual "outside the Regiment" and of national prominence and one to an individual "inside the Regiment."

Presentation of the de Fleury Medal to those individuals meeting established criteria was started by the Engineer Regiment as the move of the Engineer School from Fort Belvoir, VA, to Fort Leonard Wood, MO, was completed in 1989. The GOLD Medal presentation is the highlight of the annual Engineer Regimental Dinner held at Fort Leonard Wood each spring.

GOLD MEDAL RECIPIENTS



1989 — **THE HONORABLE JOHN O. MARSH, JR.**
Secretary of the Army

1990 — **THE HONORABLE ROBERT W. PAGE**
Assistant Secretary of the Army for Civil Works

1991 — **GEN MAXWELL R. THURMAN**
USA Retired

1992 — **GEN ANDREW J. GOODPASTER**
USA Retired

1993 — **LTG EMERSON C. ITSCHNER**
USA Retired

1994 — **MR. JOHN B. MAHAFFEY**
Civilian Aide to the Secretary of the Army

1995 — **LTG FREDERICK J. CLARKE**
USA Retired

1996 — **SMA LEON L. VAN AUTREVE**
USA Retired

1997 — **LTG JOHN W. MORRIS**
USA Retired

1998 — **MR. ALLEN M. CARTON**

1999 — **THE HONORABLE IKE SKELTON**
Congressman, State of Missouri

2000 — **LTG JULIUS W. BECTON, JR.**
USA Retired
CSM ROBERT W. ELKEY, Posthumous

2001 — **LTG MAX W. NOAH**
USA Retired
COL CLAUDE L. ROBERTS, JR., Posthumous

2002 — **MG RICHARD S. KEM**
USA Retired

2003 — **THE HONORABLE DANIEL K. INOUE**
Senator, State of Hawaii

2004 — **COL EDWARD C. GIBSON**
USA Retired

2005 — **LTG DANIEL R. SCHROEDER**
USA Retired

2006 — **MG JOHN G. WAGGENER**
USA Retired
SFC PAUL RAY SMITH, Posthumous

2007 — **LTG ELVIN R. "VALD" HEIBERG III**
USA Retired

2008 — **LTG ROBERT B. FLOWERS**
USA Retired

2009 — **LTG HENRY J. HATCH**
MR. KISUK (CHARLIE) CHEUNG, Posthumous

2010 — **DR. LEWIS E. LINK, Ph.D.**

2011 — **COL CARL F. BASWELL**
USA Retired
GEN ERIC SHENSEKI
USA Retired

2012 — **GEN DAVID H. PETRAEUS**
USA Retired
COL JOHN M. MORGAN
USA Retired

2013 — **THE HONORABLE ROBERT M. GATES**
Secretary of Defense
CSM JULIUS NUTTER
USA Retired

2014 — **FRANK M. WEINBERG**
MG MERDITH W. B. "BO" TEMPLE
USA Retired

2015 — **LTG ROBERT L. VAN ANTWERP, JR.**
USA Retired
BG GERALD E. GALLOWAY, JR.
USA Retired
MG Harold (Harry) J. Greene
Posthumous

2016 — **ROBERT W. BURKHARDT**
SES Retired
THE HONORABLE ROBERT K. DAWSON
COL JACK O'NEILL
USA Retired

2017 — **CSM (Ret) ROBERT WINZENRIED**
9th CSM of Corps of Engineers
THE HONORABLE RODNEY FRELINGHUYSEN
Representative State of New Jersey

2018 — **MG (Ret) Clair Gill**
Fort Leonard Wood CDR
THE HONORABLE TRENT KELLY
Representative State of Mississippi

2019 — **COL (Ret) James Rowan**
Deputy CMDT USAES
GEN (Ret) Frank Grass
27th Chief of National Guard Bureau

2020 — **MG (Ret) Randal (Randy) Castro**
USA Retired
The Honorable Grace Napolitano
Representative State of California